

Standards development policy



FRDC

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1. PURPOSE

This policy document aims to:

- outline the FRDC's policy in relation to its obligations as a Standards Development Organisation (SDO) endorsed by the Standards Development and Accreditation Committee (SDAC)
- Provide a reference point for all internal and external stakeholders associated with standards development.

2. RESPONSIBILITY

Responsibility for this policy resides with the Executive Director.

3. DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

Definitions - follow link to [Definitions](#)

Acronyms – follow link to [Acronyms and Abbreviations](#)

Term	Definition
Approval date	This is the date on which the SDO approves the document for publishing. For Australian Standards it is the date on which the document is approved by the FRDC board.
Confidentiality	A set of rules that limits access or places restrictions on certain types of information.
Consensus	General agreement, characterized by the absence of sustained opposition to substantial issues by any important part of the concerned interests and by a process that involves seeking to take into account the views of all parties concerned and to reconcile any conflicting arguments. NOTE: Consensus need not imply unanimity. Ref - ISO/IEC Guide 2
Consensus agreement	When all of the major interests involved with the subject of the Standard have collectively accepted the content of the document and have voted affirmatively. This normally implies a unanimous affirmative vote, but occasionally it may be achieved where there are one or more outstanding negative votes. a. a minimum 67 percent of those eligible to vote have voted affirmatively; and b. a minimum 80 percent of votes received are affirmative; and c. no major interest involved with the subject of the Standard has collectively maintained a negative vote.
Consumer	Individual member of the general public, or consumer organisations, purchasing or using property, products or services for private purposes.

Term	Definition
Deliberative Vote	A deliberative vote is a vote given to a person because they are a member of the SRB. The term is usually applied to the chair of the meeting to draw distinction between the vote they get as an SRB member and the casting vote they may get as the presiding person. SRB chairs do not get casting votes.
Due process	A course of formal proceedings carried out regularly and in accordance with the established FRDC standards development policy and procedures
Fishing Industry	As defined in the FRDC Regulations 1991 under the PIRD Act
FRDC	Fisheries Research and Development Corporation
General interest	Those with a demonstrated interest and relevant expertise that are not associated with the production, distribution, direct use, or regulation of the product(s), material(s) or service(s). NOTE: May include technical or professional associations and trade unions.
Implementation date	This is the date that a standard becomes effective, where that date differs from the publication date. For example, when there is a need to provide a period of grace to allow products and practices to be modified or upgraded. Occasionally, legislation or certification programs may also require a later date of implementation for a standard than its publication date.
Interested party	Any of the people or organizations who may be affected by the potential standards development activity, or have the potential to be affected in the future
Net benefit	The value or benefit of a standard to the Australian community that exceeds the costs likely to be imposed on suppliers, users and other parties in the community as a result of its development and implementation.
PIRD Act	Primary Industries, Research and Development Act 1989
Procedures	Documented description of processes undertaken by the organisation. Procedures can be electronic or physical documents.
Procedures, Standards Management	Description of standards related activities within the organisation other than for the process of developing a standard. <u>Used to be called 'Administrative procedures'</u> and can include such process as standards review and complaint handling.
Producer	Those who are predominantly involved in production (i.e., manufacture), promotion, retailing, importing or distribution of the subject product(s), material(s) or service(s).
Project manager	the person responsible for managing a standard's development project
Publication date	This is the date that the standard becomes publicly available. It is also the date on which the standard comes into effect.

Term	Definition
Publishing Licence Agreement	<p>A legal agreement between Standards Australia and SAI Global whereby SA grants an exclusive worldwide licence to SAIG to publish, sell and distribute documents carrying the trademark 'Australian Standard®'. In return, SAIG pays a royalty to SA for each document sold.</p> <p>NOTE: With respect to accredited SDOs, SA directs that SAIG pay any royalties direct to the SDO.</p>
Quality Management System (QMS)	<p>The FRDC QMS consists of its processes, documentation (policies, procedures and work guides) and resources used to implement and meet quality objectives to meet the requirements of its stakeholders.</p>
Regulator	<p>Any federal, state, municipal or other government body responsible for regulating the acceptability, sale or use of the subject products, materials or services and those bodies that enforce these rules and regulations.</p>
SDAC	Standards Development and Accreditation Committee
SDO	Standards Development Organisation
Standard	<p>A document, established by consensus and approved by a recognised body, that provides, for common and repeated use, rules, guidelines or characteristics for activities or their results aimed at the achievement of the optimum degree of order in a given context</p> <p>Standards are published documents setting out specifications and procedures designed to ensure products, services and systems are safe, reliable and consistently perform the way they were intended to. They establish a common language that defines quality and safety criteria.</p> <p>[Source: Standards Australia Standardization Guide 001].</p>
Standards Development Activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To develop a new standard in areas that are not covered by an existing standard. • To develop a new standard to complement or to support existing standards. • To revise or amend an existing standard, where the content may not be current or appropriate. • To adopt certain categories of Australian, industry, or international standards or guidelines.
Standards Development Plan	<p>A detailed plan provided to SDAC at the commencement of a project with expected timelines for completion</p>
Standards Reference Body (SRB)	<p>The committee of technical experts having the responsibility for the technical content of the standard they are developing. (e.g. The Fish Names Committee)</p>
Technical content	<p>The requirements, specifications, and/or recommendations, and associated tables and figures, that comprise the body of the standard. The technical content is developed within the scope of the standard.</p>

Term	Definition
User	Those who predominantly represent end users of the subject product(s), material(s), or service(s) and who are not involved in any way in production and/or distribution of the subject product(s), material(s) or service(s). NOTE: Users can include consumers; general interest users; industrial users where the product(s), material(s), or service(s) is an input to a manufacturing or fabrication process; and Labour users where the product(s), material(s), or service(s) may be used in the workplace.

4. RISK CATEGORY

Strategic	Operational	Financial	ICT	People
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. RELEVANT DOCUMENTATION

This section contains links to internally and externally facing documents – access to internally facing documents is restricted to FRDC employees.

Relevant documentation	Document location or web address
Internal	
Stakeholder feedback – monitoring, recording and responding procedure	NEMO-29-1793
Standards Development procedure	NEMO-29-1044
External	
Code of conduct policy	FRDC Corporate Policies
Fish Names Committee procedure	Seafood Standards website
Information on responsibilities of Standards Development Organisations (SDO)	SDO responsibilities
Privacy policy – Australian Privacy Principles	FRDC Corporate Policies
Quality policy	FRDC Corporate Policies
Requirements for Accreditation of Standards Development Organisations	Requirements for Accreditation
Standards Development and Accreditation Committee (SDAC)	Standards Development and Accreditation Committee (SDAC)
Standards Australia	Standards Australia

Informative references

Relevant documentation	FRDC document # or link
Australian Fish Names Standard AS SSA 5300	Australian Fish names Standard
Standardisation Guide 001 Preparing Standards	Standardisation Guide 001
Standardisation Guide 002 Structure and Operation of Standardisation Committees	Standardisation Guide 002
Standardisation Guide 003 Standards and Other Publications	Standardisation Guide 003
Standardisation Guide 004 Roles & Responsibilities of Standardisation	Standardisation Guide 004
Standardization Guide 005 Technical Governance and Advisory Structures for the Standards Development Process	Standardisation Guide 005
Standardisation Guide 006 Rules for the Structure and Drafting of Australian Standards	Standardisation Guide 006
Standardisation Guide 007 Adoption Of International Standards	Standardisation Guide 007
Standardization Guide 009 Preparation of Standards for Legislative Adoption	Standardisation Guide 009
Standardization Guide 020 Participation by Consumers in Standardisation	Standardisation Guide 020
Standardization Guide 015 Australian Involvement in International Standardisation	Standardisation Guide 015

6. PUBLICATION

This policy is not to be made available on the FRDC website.

7. BACKGROUND

The SDAC accredits (or, where appropriate, decline to accredit) organisations in Australia in relation to the development, approval, publication and maintenance of Australian Standard brand standards; and also defines the scope under which Australian Standards development activities can be undertaken.

Organisations seeking to be accredited as an SDO must have:

- appropriate recognition and standing within its industry;
- an appropriate level of corporate governance procedures in place;

- adequate resources to undertake the standards development activities.

The FRDC as an accredited SDO can develop Australian standards within the scope: **To develop Australian Standards in the fields of terminology, sustainability, and operational practices in the fishing and aquaculture industries.**

A Standards Reference Body (SRB) is established for each standards development activity (e.g. the Fish Names Committee is the SRB for developing standard names for fish).

8. FRDC STANDING IN THE SEAFOOD INDUSTRY

The FRDC is the national body charged with increasing economic, social and environmental benefits for Australian fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, by investing in knowledge, innovation, and marketing.

The FRDC's stakeholders include:

- federal, state and territory governments, including fisheries and natural resources managers
- all fishing and aquaculture sectors (Indigenous, aquaculture, commercial wild catch, recreational)
- the Australian community, on whose behalf aquatic natural resources are managed
- seafood consumers
- the research community, including universities, government fisheries organisations, other education organisations, international research organisations, and private-sector research providers.

The FRDC regularly engages with its stakeholders through a range of mechanisms including:

- four ministerially-appointed representative organisations to which FRDC is accountable under legislation:
 - ✓ National Seafood Industry Alliance (representing the seafood industry)
 - ✓ Recfish Australia (representing recreational and sport fishers)
 - ✓ Commonwealth Fisheries Association (representing commercial fishers who operate in Commonwealth fisheries)
 - ✓ National Aquaculture Council (representing the aquaculture industry)
- the Governance Committee that supports the National Fishing and Aquaculture RD&E Strategy and the National Research Providers Network which represents fisheries researchers (FRDC is a member of both groups)
- partnerships between FRDC, industry sectors and jurisdictions
- the Australian Fisheries Management Forum, representing government agencies responsible for fisheries management (FRDC is an observer)
- research advisory committees (RACs) in each jurisdiction
- FRDC subprograms and coordination programs.

It deals with the government, industry and research partners around Australia on both a strategic and operational basis. The FRDC is ideally situated to communicate and network with partners to leverage, and broker knowledge to get the best results from research, development and extension for both government, industry, and the community.

The FRDC plays a leadership role in fisheries RD&E through:

- national leadership and priority setting
- project planning, management and extension across government agencies and industry nationally
- facilitation and partnership activities with research partners
- collaboration across other Research and Development Corporations (RDCs), independent agencies/states and international organisations
- leverage of investment funds across Australia.

The business environment of the FRDC is such that a large component of the research undertaken involves a shared natural resource. This results in a very high component of RD&E being undertaken as public good research for the benefit of the whole community, to ensure sustainability of the fisheries and the supporting ecosystem.

To ensure the FRDC meets stakeholder needs, and increases the speed of output delivery, it continually improves the way it invests in, and manages RD&E. This involves reviewing current funding mechanisms to ensure they are flexible and tailored to meet stakeholders' needs.

9. RESOURCES FOR STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT

The FRDC will provide the resources to develop and to maintain standards within its scope of accreditation; including core staff. It will co-opt specialist staff as required for additional standards development activities.

The FRDC will appoint a Project Manager for each standard being developed. The Project shall be provided with the necessary authority and resources to enable the project to be completed within a reasonable timeframe.

10. RESPONSIBILITIES IN STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT

The FRDC will ensure there is a clear separation of roles in relation to standards development between the organization and the FRDC appointed Standards Reference Body (SRB).

The FRDC board will not overrule the decisions of the Standards Reference Body. The FRDC board may, however, seek further clarification on issues or further information or evidence in relation to adherence to the FRDC approved policies and procedures.

10.1 FRDC BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The FRDC board is responsible for all standards development activities; including to:

- set the policies under which the SRBs will operate;
- give autonomy of the standards development process to the relevant SRB (e.g. the FNC)
- give final approval to a draft standard to become an Australian Standard provided the appropriate FRDC standards development policies and procedures have been followed.

10.2 FRDC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The FRDC Executive Director has operational responsibility for the management of all FRDC standard development activities; including:

- to implement FRDC policies in relation to Standards Development
- to ensure that all standards development procedures are implemented and followed by the specific SRB
- determine the structural representation of the SRB (e.g. the Fish Names Committee)
- to appoint members to the SRB within the constraints of the structural representation approved by the FRDC Board (e.g. FNC)
- to approve terms of reference for the SRB
- to approve the allocation of resources required for the SRB to undertake its work program
- to set reasonable target dates for achieving the milestones of draft for public comment and committee agreement on the final content of the draft Australian Standard
- to provide a standards development plan to SDAC
- to communicate with Standards Australia and SDAC.

10.3 FRDC STANDARDS REFERENCE BODY (SRB) RESPONSIBILITIES

A FRDC Standards Reference Body will:

- act independently and with authority in the standards development activity that it is tasked with (e.g. The Fish Names Committee is responsible for the determination of Standard Fish Names and technical matters relating to fish names);
- comply with relevant policies and procedures adopted by the FRDC board and the terms of FRDC's accreditation as a SDO. (e.g. To consider amendments to the Australian Fish Names Standard)
- undertake standards development activities within the defined SRB Terms of Reference
- comply with the Code of Conduct for Standards Reference Body members while undertaking FRDC standards development activities

- develop the technical content of the draft standard
- through the Project Manager provide progress reports on the standards development to the FRDC.

11. FRDC BOARD DELEGATION

The FRDC board will delegate authority to the SRBs to:

1. act with independence and with authority on the review and maintenance of the standard and technical matters relating to the standard
2. approve amendments to the relevant standards subject to the committees compliance with FRDC endorsed policies and procedures, the committees' budgets, and FRDC's scope of accreditation as a SDO.

The FRDC board, being responsible for the accredited SDO, will:

1. set policies to guide the standards development activities of the SRBs
2. ratify the SRB's decisions subject to the committees' compliance with FRDC SRB policies and procedures and the terms of FRDC's accreditation as a SDO.

12. STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT POLICY

The FRDC will develop standards that:

- have a high level of integrity and credibility
- have the support of the industry and stakeholders
- are developed in an open and transparent manner
- provide a value or benefit to the Australian community that exceeds the costs likely to be imposed on suppliers, users and other parties in the community as a result of its development and implementation.

12.1 STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

The FRDC will evaluate, plan, and prioritise all standards development activities. This evaluation will include the:

- need for the proposed standard
- net benefits of the proposed standard.

The FRDC will, within the constraints of the approved level of responsibilities:

- approve a standards development activity including the allocation of resources
- ensure that the proposed standard is within the FRDC scope of accreditation
- approve terms of reference for the relevant SRB
- determine the membership of the SRB
- approve the allocation of resources required for the SRB to undertake its work program
- set reasonable target dates for achieving the milestones of draft for public comment and committee agreement on the final content of the draft standard.

12.2 PROJECT PROPOSAL AND DEVELOPMENT PLAN

The FRDC will develop a Project Proposal for each new or revised standard activity.

The FRDC will register all standards development activities and provide a standards development plan to SDAC.

12.3 STANDARDS REFERENCE BODY TO UNDERTAKE THE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY

The FRDC will:

- determine the structural representation of the SRB ensuring a balanced membership and representation from all major stakeholder groups
- appoint an independent chair to the SRB
- appoint a project manager to the SRB to assist and support the activities of the SRB
- make appropriate appointments to the SRB to achieve a balanced representation of key stakeholders.

12.4 SRB CHAIR

The FRDC will appoint a Chair of the relevant SRB to lead the standards development activities.

SRB Chairs will:

- act in accordance with the FRDC Standards Development procedure, (see relevant documentation)
- promote the attainment of consensus and generally comply with Standards Australia Guide: Standards Development – SG-004 – *Roles and Responsibilities of Standardisation (Section 8: Chairpersons)*.

12.5 REPRESENTATION ON THE SRB

The FRDC will appoint a balanced SRB with a membership that reflects the important role of key stakeholders in the standards development process to undertake the standards development activity in accordance with FRDC *Standards development procedure*, (see relevant documentation).

Where the FRDC is represented on the SRB, its contribution shall be impartial, free from bias and avoid a conflict of interest between its role as a facilitator of the Standards Development process and as a participant in the process.

12.6 SRB TERMS OF REFERENCE

The FRDC will develop the Terms of Reference for each of its SRBs as outlined in FRDC *Standards development procedure* (see relevant documentation).

12.7 ANNOUNCING A STANDARDS PROJECT REQUEST

The FRDC will announce requests for standards development activities on its website and via its industry email lists.

12.8 ACHIEVE AND DEMONSTRATE CONSENSUS

The SRB chair will attempt to gain a consensus decision at all stages of the standards development or review process in accordance with the FRDC *Standards development procedure* (see relevant documentation).

12.9 PUBLIC REVIEW AND STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

The FRDC will conduct an effective and consultative public review of the draft standard.

12.10 SRB CONSIDERATION OF COMMENT

The SRB will consider all comments on the draft standard raised through the public consultation period in detail and if necessary undertake further drafting of the standard.

12.11 APPROVAL OF FINAL DRAFT STANDARD

The SRB will vote on the final draft through a formal ballot. For the standard to be eligible for process approval, consensus must be achieved.

12.12 PROCESS APPROVAL

The FRDC board will give final process approval to the final draft standard if it is satisfied that:

- consensus on the final draft has been achieved
- the process has been followed as per the endorsed standards development policy and procedures.

The FRDC will advise SDAC of the Process Approval and request ISBN numbers for new standards.

12.13 PUBLISHING OF STANDARD

The FRDC will cooperate with SAI Global regarding the publishing requirements for Standards.

The FRDC will send final versions of the standards to SDAC.

12.14 NEW VERSION OF STANDARD

The new version of a standard supersedes all previous versions.

12.15 FRDC ROLE IN CERTIFICATION

The FRDC does not plan to be involved in certification activities in the near future.

If FRDC were to undertake certification, accreditation or similar activities, the FRDC Board will ensure there is a clear separation of the policy-making and governance functions of such activities from those of standards development.

12.16 FRDC STANDARDS – CONFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

Any FRDC Standards developed for conformance assessment purposes (i.e. the basis of a certification scheme) shall comply with the principles in ISO/IEC 17007, *Conformity assessment - Guidance for drafting normative documents suitable for use for conformity assessment.*

Where FRDC is developing a standard for certification (or with the potential for certification) the SRB, and particularly those drafting the document, will need to be familiar with its requirements and recommendations.

13. STANDARDS REVISION AND MAINTENANCE

The FRDC will:

- review all standards at least every five years;
- continually monitor the technical content of the standard in the intervening period to maintain up to date standards.

14. CONTINUAL IMPROVEMENT OF STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The FRDC has established, documented, implemented and maintains, a Quality Management System in accordance with AS/NZ ISO 9001:2008 requirements.

The FRDC will continually improve the standards development process through:

- Regular review of the standards development as per the procedures
- Ongoing requirements as per the Quality policy (see relevant documentation).

15. COOPERATION WITH SDAC AND STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Standards Australia is responsible for the oversight, co-ordination and governance of SDO Standards development and related activities. The accreditation powers of the Standards Australia Board, have been delegated to the Standards Development Accreditation Committee (SDAC).

The Standards Development and Accreditation Committee's (SDAC) role is to encourage and accredit organisations to develop Australian Standards of credibility and integrity for the net benefit of the Australian Community.

FRDC co-operates and liaises with the SDAC and Standards Australia with the intent of enhancing communication and co-ordination of Standards development activities across industry and government.

The FRDC has entered into an [accreditation deed](#) with Standards Australia (SA) granting SA an exclusive worldwide licence to publish market and sell each Australian Standard brand standard development by the FRDC. This agreement also includes the requirement for SA to sub-licence the same rights to SAI Global.

FRDC fully cooperates with SDAC in the audit process and makes available all records required to demonstrate on-going compliance. FRDC will fully comply with the requirements of the Standards Development and Accreditation Committee's document [Requirements for the Accreditation of a Standards Development Organisation](#).

FRDC specifically will

- a. Register all new Standards development projects with Standards Australia through the SDAC prior to commencing substantial work
- b. Prepare and make available to Standards Australia's Project Office an up to date Development Plan for each Standards development activity
- c. Comply with all policies and procedures of the SDAC including for the determination and funding of appeals
- d. Comply with Standards Australia's administrative procedures, including badging and the format of documents
- e. Make copies of draft and final documents available to Standards Australia via the SDAC, as required
- f. Notify the SDAC of any significant changes in the organisation's Standards development procedures or significant changes that could materially affect FRDC's capacity to be an accredited SDO
- g. Submit to SDAC's determination where there is a conflict in the scope of areas of accreditation
- h. Co-operate with Standards Australia regarding activities of mutual interest
- i. Facilitate auditing to determine ongoing compliance
- j. Provide a copy of all final published standards to Standards Australia
- k. Comply with any additional policies and procedures as required by SDAC from time to time
- l. Pay all relevant fees to the SA to achieve and maintain accreditation
- m. Comply with the Standards Australia Guidelines for the badging and formatting of standards that it has developed
- n. Co-operate with Standards Australia and the SDAC regarding hand-over of relevant information and records where an SDO's accreditation ceases
- o. In the event that FRDC ceases to be an accredited SDO, the steps to be taken to hand over IP and other documents are detailed in the FRDC Standards Development Procedure.

16. AUDIT BY INTERESTED PARTIES

The FRDC will make its standards development procedure available for audit by other interested parties where there is a legitimate need for such an audit.

17. RECORDS MANAGEMENT POLICY

The FRDC will maintain effective records management and administrative procedures so as to ensure that its administrative procedures are transparent and accountable.

18. NEUTRALITY AND INDEPENDENCE

18.1 OBJECTIVITY AND IMPARTIALITY

The FRDC will safeguard the objectivity and impartiality of all individuals and groups responsible for Standards Development.

The FRDC will maintain the privacy of its members through adherence to its *Privacy policy – Australian Privacy Principles* (see relevant documentation).

The FRDC will maintain the objectivity and impartiality of standards development activities through adherence to the standards development procedures.

18.2 INDEPENDENCE OF THE SRB

The FRDC will ensure there is a clear separation of roles in relation to standards development between the organisation and the FRDC appointed SRB as outlined in Clause 10 - [Responsibilities in standards development](#).

19. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

19.1 COPYRIGHT

The copyright of all FRDC developed standards remain the property of FRDC. An exclusive license is provided by FRDC to SAI Global to sell standards it has developed.

The SRB members will ensure that any material put forward for inclusion in a standard does not infringe a third party’s copyright. Material covered by a third party’s copyright may be included in a standard only after permission has been obtained from the copyright holder.

Where SRB members submit material that they, their employers or nominating organisations have originated, and where such material is subsequently included in a standard, the right of the originator of the material to continue to reproduce that material in the form in which it was originally submitted is recognised.

19.2 PATENTS

A standard does not confer a monopoly on one section of industry to the detriment of another that can provide an equally satisfactory article.

Nonetheless, on exceptional occasions, technical reasons may justify inclusion in the standard of items or services covered by patent rights. There is no objection in principle to this, provided that certain rules are adhered to. The rules governing patented items in standards are those adopted by ISO and International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

The most important rule is that, before use of material known to be the subject of a patent is made a requirement of a standard, it is to be ensured by means of a formal statement that the owner of the patent has agreed to make licences available to all who apply on reasonable and non-discriminatory terms.

20. COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

The FRDC will maintain an unbiased complaints procedure for handling complaints from affected stakeholders.

The FRDC will review its complaints procedure for effectiveness as part of its continual improvement of its operations.

21. INTERNATIONAL PARTICIPATION

1. FRDC recognises that Standards Australia is the Australian member of the International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) and the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Any participation in the standardisation activities of these two bodies shall be through Standards Australia.
2. The FRDC will, where appropriate
 - participate in international standardisation activities within its scope of accreditation.
 - cooperate with Standards Australia and abide by the policies outlined in Standards Australia [Standardization Guide 015- Australian Involvement in International Standardisation](#).
 - Comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 21.1 Regional or national adoption of International Standards and other International Deliverables — Part 1: Adoption of International Standards where an International Standard is being adopted as an Australian Standard.

22. COOPERATION AND LIAISON WITH OTHER SDO'S

FRDC will participate in meetings with other SDO's as organised by SDAC from time to time.

Where appropriate, or as requested, FRDC will cooperate with other SDOs, including Standards Australia, regarding activities of mutual interest and with the intent of enhancing communication and co-ordination of Standards development activities across industry and government.

23. ATTACHMENTS

#	Description
1	Not applicable



Standards Development policy

Adobe Sign Document History

28/08/2017

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